PROJECT FACTSHEET

National Water Resources Management Tajikistan-Phase III



Background

Although Tajikistan has a lot of water resources, it is challenging to adequately manage them due to the country's rugged topography-93% of the country is covered with high mountains. In addition, natural disasters (floods, mudflows etc.), pose a high risk by affecting lives and livelihoods of the people.

Most of the water resources are still managed along administrative and not hydrological boundaries. In such situation, districts and their oblasts do not have a whole picture on the quantity and quality of water resources and the needs of all water users including the needs of environment. Therefore, integrating all water resources withing & water users within hydrographical basins will help in addressing the growing water needs under the scenario of population growth and climate change.

DURATION: 2022-2026

TOTAL BUDGET CHF – 5 MIO

PARTNERS:
MINISTRY OF ENERGY &
WATER RESOURCES,
AGENCY FOR LAND
RECLAMATION &
IRRIGATION, THE
COMMITTEE OF
ENVIRONMENT
PROTECTION, THE
COMMITTEE OF EMERGENCY
SITUATION

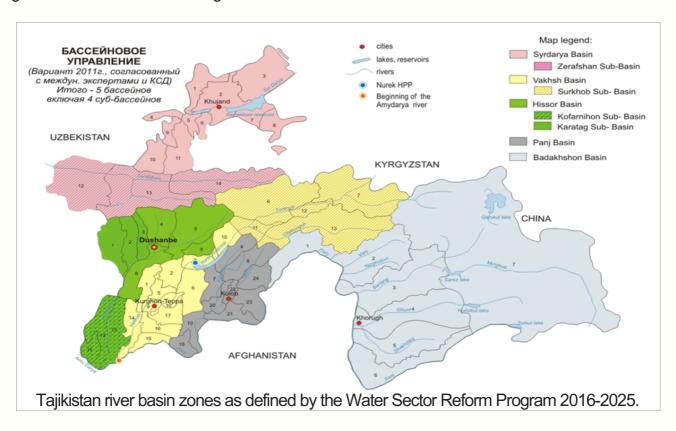
LOCATION: SUGHD REGION

IMPLEMENTING AGENCY:
CONSORTIUM
HELVETAS-GIZ-ACTED

The projects is implemented in Northern Tajikistan where is the Syr Darya River basin is situated. Syrdarya is a transboundary river flowing through four countries of Central Asia. The intervention will strengthen water resources and irrigation management at the basin, canal and on-farm level to increase water and food security, to reduce water-related disaster risks, to improve livelihoods and raise socioeconomic indicators in selected rural areas.

Goals and objectives

Improved livelihoods of the rural population in the Tajik Syr Darya Basin Zone (Sughd Region) through integrated water resources management.



Implementaion of the Project

The last phase of the Tajik National Water Resources Management Project-III of Syr Darya river basin will focus on sustainability and aims at improving rural livelihoods through an efficient and integrated management of water resources. The project will lead to climate resilient use, protection and development of basin water resources, improved irrigation efficiency, decreased risks of water-related disasters and allows smallholder farmers to increase incomes from agricultural production.



