PROGRAMME BOOKLET



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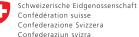
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Federal Department of Foreign Affairs FDFA The **Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA)** offers jobs and traineeships in and outside of Switzerland focused on foreign policy. The FDFA's tasks are manifold and both students as well as professionals interested in international relations are welcome to apply for jobs in our diverse field of action. Each year, the FDFA recruits personnel for a diplomatic career through an examination of aspiring applicants. The FDFA's field of action covers multilateral politics, trade, law, culture, environmental protection, human rights, security and more.

ACWL

developing country Members and least-developed countries (LDCs) on all issues relating to WTO law. The ACWL gives legal advice and training on WTO law and provides support in WTO dispute settlement proceedings. These services are available to the developing country Members of the ACWL and to LDCs that are Members of the WTO or are in the process of acceding to the WTO. The ACWL enables these countries to have an equal opportunity to defend their interests in WTO dispute settlement proceedings.

The Advisory Centre on WTO Law (ACWL) advises its



The **Asian Development Bank (ADB)**, based in Manila, is dedicated to reducing poverty in Asia and the Pacific through inclusive economic growth, environmentally sustainable growth, and regional integration. Established in 1966, it is owned by 67 members – 48 from the region. With about 3,000 staff dispersed globally in the headquarters (Manila, Philippines) and in 31 field offices across Asia, Europe and North America, ADB hires from its 67 member countries.



Established in 1964, the **African Development Bank (AfDB)** is the premier pan-African development institution, promoting economic growth and social progress across the continent. The Bank's development agenda is delivering the financial and technical support for transformative projects that will significantly reduce poverty through inclusive and sustainable economic growth. For the next decade, five major operational priorities have been identified: energy, agro-business, industrialization, integration and improving the quality of life for the people of Africa. With a values-driven culture, AfDB offers a flexible work environment that focuses on people and innovation. The AfDB seeks to attract and employ individuals who have acquired transferrable skills and who have the ability and potential to contribute positively to its strategic objectives.



The **Arms Trade Treaty Secretariat** was established in August 2015 to assist States Parties in the effective implementation of the Arms Trade Treaty (ATT), the first legally binding international instrument that regulates the international trade in conventional arms, adopted in 2013. The Secretariat is located in Geneva, Switzerland, and manages the collection of information, including States Parties' reports, organizes the annual conference of states parties, and manages the Voluntary Trust Fund established to assist states' implementation of the ATT.



The **European Organisation for Nuclear Research – CERN**, founded in 1954 in Geneva, is the world's most advanced fundamental research institute for particle physics. Over the last 60 years, it has become a prime example of international collaboration with currently 22 European Member States. CERN currently has around 2500 staff members. CERN's facilities are used by some 10 000 scientists from nearly 940 institutes in 87 different countries. We are at the forefront of technologies in many fields and have opportunities for both working and learning at CERN.

cinfo 论

cinfo – The Centre for Information, Counselling and Training for Professions relating to International Cooperation (IC) – is a specialised service provider and the network platform for professionals and organisations involved in the International Cooperation job market and for persons who want to become active in this field, www.cinfo.ch



Set up on 5 May 1949, the **Council of Europe** is one of the Continent's oldest international organisations that is best known for its work promoting human rights and democracy. If you are interested in the idea of working for the organisation, you can obtain information about vacancy notices on our recruitment website (www. coe-recruitment.com). We are frequently looking for administrative officers, lawyers, translators, administrative assistants and other categories of staff. We can offer a stimulating, multi-cultural and multi-lingual work environment, attractive conditions, and the chance to live in one of Europe's most attractive cities.



The **European Bank for Reconstruction and Development** (EBRD) invests in the economic and social development of more than 30 countries from the Southern and Eastern Mediterranean, to Central and Eastern Europe, to Central Asia. The Bank supports projects whose funding needs cannot be fully met by the market. By doing so, they seek to develop a sound investment climate based on an effective legal and regulatory framework which promotes corporate governance and clear and consistent accounting and auditing practices in those countries.





The **European Free Trade Association (EFTA)** is an intergovernmental organisation set up for the promotion of free trade and economic integration to the benefit of its four Member States Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland. The Headquarters of the EFTA Secretariat in Geneva supplies services related to free trade and cooperation agreements with third countries. The Brussels Secretariat and the Luxembourg Office provide support in managing the European Economic Area (EEA) Agreement.

The **European Patent Office (EPO)** is the second-largest intergovernmental organisation in Europe, employing almost 7'000 staff from over 30 countries. The EPO strives to support innovation and promote a knowledge-based society in Europe. Its mission is to secure the highest quality standards in patenting. In 2017 EPO plans to recruit more than 200 engineers and scientists to work as patent examiners. If you have a Master's degree in physics, chemistry, engineering or the natural sciences, a good working knowledge of at least two of our official languages (English, French and German) and the willingness to learn the third, you too could be part of our team. Apply now: www.epo.org/jobs



With its more than 2300 international staff from 22 countries, **ESA** is Europe's capstone organisation in the field of space research and development. The programmes of the European Space Agency include large projects in space science, telecommunications, navigation, earth observation, launcher development, manned space flight, and micro-gravity. Engineers, IT specialists, physicists, mathematicians, astronomers, and astrophysicists are employed in a variety of areas: Research and development, project support, project management, spacecraft operations and data retrieval and exploitation. ESA is an equal opportunity employer with a positive gender policy.



ESO, the European Southern Observatory, is the foremost intergovernmental astronomy organisation in Europe and the world's most productive astronomical observatory. ESO employs 680 staff and is supported by 16 countries, along with the host state of Chile. Whilst the Headquarters (comprising the scientific, technical and administrative centre of the organisation) are located in Garching near Munich, Germany, ESO operates, in addition to the Santiago Centre, three observing sites in Chile.



European XFEL: Currently being commissioned in the Hamburg area, the European XFEL is an international research facility of superlatives, providing ultrashort and ultrahigh-brilliance X-ray laser flashes that will enable completely new opportunities for science. The European XFEL GmbH, the nonprofit company that operates the facility, has a workforce of over 300 employees, comprising scientists, engineers, technicians, and administrative staff from more than 40 different countries. For more information, go to www.xfel.eu/careers.



Gavi is an international organisation – a global Vaccine Alliance – bringing together public and private sectors with the shared goal of creating equal access to life-saving vaccines for children living in the world's poorest countries. We leverage the specialist skills of key players in immunisation, combining the technical expertise of the development community with the business know-how of the private sector. We have contributed to the immunisation of close to 580 million children, helping countries to prevent more than 8 million future deaths



The **Global Community Engagement and Resilience Fund** (**GCERF**) is a multilateral funding mechanism, and the first global effort to support local, community-level initiatives aimed at strengthening resilience against violent extremism. As a public-private partnership operating at the nexus of security and development, GCERF works with governments, civil society, the private sector, and the international community in beneficiary countries to support national strategies and action plans to address the local drivers of violent extremism



IAESTE – International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience – is a politically independent non-profit organisation involved in international student exchange. IAESTE Switzerland offers paid professional traineeships worldwide (six weeks – one year) for students mainly from technical and scientific, but also from business fields. Please check our current offers on: iaeste.ch.



The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) is

a UN specialized agency, established in 1944 to manage the administration and governance of the Convention on International Civil Aviation (Chicago Convention). ICAO works with 191 Member States and industry groups to reach consensus on international civil aviation Standards and Recommended Practices (SARPs) and policies in support of a safe, efficient, secure, economically sustainable and environmentally responsible civil aviation sector. For more details, please go to www.icao.int



The **International Computing Centre (ICC)** has been providing Information and Communications Technology (ICT) services to United Nations programmes, funds and entities for over 45 years. Its digital business solutions span strategic advisory services and subject matter expertise, information security, business intelligence, software, platform and infrastructure services as well as training to UN Clients and related international organisations. A non-profit United Nations entity itself, ICC has over 400 highly skilled and industry certified personnel located in Italy, Spain, Switzerland and the United States. ICC offers cost recovery, great value for money, business efficiencies and volume discounts based on the scale of its engagements.



The **International Civil Defence Organization (ICDO)** is an intergovernmental organization which works to support the development of national structures to ensure the protection and assistance of civilian populations, and to safeguard property and the environment in the face of natural and manmade disasters. The ICDO federates these national structures, which are known as civil protection, civil defence, civil safety or emergency management services and promotes cooperation and mutual solidarity amongst them.



ment (ICMPD) is an international organisation that deals with the global phenomenon of migration. The purpose of ICMPD is to promote innovative, comprehensive and sustainable migration policies and to function as a service exchange mechanism for

The International Centre for Migration Policy Develop-

policies and to function as a service exchange mechanism for governments and organisations. ICMPD has 15 Member States (Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary, The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden and Switzerland), over 200 staff members, a mission in Brussels and regional offices and representatives throughout Europe, Northern Africa, the Middle East and Latin America.



The **International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)** is a neutral, impartial and independent humanitarian organisation. Its mandate to protect and assist the victims of armed conflicts and other situations of violence has been conferred on it by States through the four Geneva Conventions of 1949, their Additional Protocols of 1977 and 2005 as well as the Statutes of the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement.



The mission of the **International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance (International IDEA)** is to support sustainable democracy worldwide. We do this by producing and sharing comparative knowledge on the different aspects of democracy and by acting as a facilitator for the exchange of ideas and experiences on democracy. We use this knowledge to support democratic initiatives in different regions of the world and to champion for democracy in the United Nations and the European Union.



IDLO is an intergovernmental organization working to build confidence in the justice sector by supporting legal and institutional reforms and good governance. IDLO enhances access to justice by enabling governments to uphold human rights and empowering people to claim them, and facilitates innovative legal approaches to support sustainable development and economic opportunity. With headquarters in Rome, IDLO has offices in The Hague, New York, Geneva, and in 15 program countries.

INTERNATIONAL



WHO WE ARE – Local impact, global reach.

The International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) is the world's largest humanitarian network, with 190 National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and around 17 million volunteers. We support coordination of the global Red Cross and Red Crescent network before, during and after disasters and crises. Together, we reach more than 160 million people with life-saving and life-changing support annually.



International Labour Organization

Do you want to change the world? Join the ILO! The **International Labour Organization** is committed to promote "Decent Work for All" with its mandate to promote social justice, employment and internationally recognized human and labour rights.

It is the only tripartite UN agency, bringing together representatives of governments, employers and workers. We work with 187 member States in over 100 countries.

If you want to work within an internationally diverse, globally challenging, highly principled environment, then the ILO is the place for you.



IOM • OIM

climate change

The **International Monetary Fund (IMF)** works to foster global growth and economic stability. It provides policy advice and financing to members in economic difficulties and also works with developing nations to help them achieve macroeconomic stability and reduce poverty. It promotes international monetary cooperation and exchange rate stability. The IMF works with other international organisations to promote growth and poverty reduction. It also interacts with think tanks, civil society, and the media on a daily basis.

The **International Organisation for Migration (IOM)** is the leading Inter-governmental Organisation in the field of migration and assists in the search for practical solutions to migration problems and provides humanitarian assistance to migrants in need. IOM works in Migration and Development, Facilitating Migration, Regulating Migration and Forced Migration. IOM activities that cut across these areas include the promotion of international migration law, policy debate and guidance, protection of migrants' rights, migration health and the gender dimension of migration.

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

is the international body for assessing the science related to climate change. The IPCC was set up in 1988 by the World Meteorological Organization (WMO) and United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) to provide policymakers with regular assessments of the scientific basis of climate change, its impacts and future risks, and options for adaptation and mitigation. IPCC assessments provide a scientific basis for governments at all levels to develop climate related policies.





The **International Trade Centre (ITC)** is the joint agency of the World Trade Organisation (WTO) and the United Nations. ITC's mission is to foster inclusive and sustainable growth and development through trade and international business development. ITC's goals: Strengthen the integration of the business sector of developing countries and economies in transition into the global economy; Improve the performance of trade and investment support institutions for the benefit of small and medium enterprises; Improve the international competitiveness of small and medium enterprises.



The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) is the

leading United Nations agency for information and communication technology (ICT) issues, driving innovation in ICTs together with 193 Member States and a membership of over 700 private sector entities and academic institutions. For over 150 years, ITU has coordinated the shared global use of the radio spectrum, promoted international cooperation in assigning satellite orbits, worked to improve telecommunication infrastructure in the developing world, established the worldwide standards that foster seamless interconnection of a vast range of communications systems, and addressed the global challenges of our times, such as achieving our common goals of environmentally sound and sustainable development.



The **Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)** plays a critical role to ensure that people's life-saving needs are coherently addressed before, during and after humanitarian emergencies, by coordinating disaster preparedness, facilitate sustainable solutions and raise international funds. People affected by crises are at the centre of everything OCHA does and principles of humanity, neutrality, impartiality and operational independence underpin OCHA's advocacy and operations, and this in the world's most severe crises including Syria, Iraq, South Sudan, the Central African Republic and Yemen.



The **Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)** is a unique international institution which sets the standards and defines best practices in almost every field of economic endeavour. We seek to build common understandings and find innovative solutions to tackle the most pressing global challenges and to transform globalisation into a more balanced and harmonious process. This is done by sharing governmental experience, identifying best practices, providing state-of-the-art analysis and reliable comparative statistics in virtually all areas which help governments to improve their public policies. To know more about the OECD, please visit www.oecd.org.



The **Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights** (**OHCHR**) represents the world's commitment to universal ideals of human dignity. We have a unique mandate from the international community to promote and protect all human rights. We support the work of the United Nations human rights mechanisms, such as the Human Rights Council and the core treaty bodies. We work to ensure the enforcement of universally recognized human rights norms, including through promoting both the universal ratifi cation and implementation of the major human rights treaties and respect for the rule of law..



Depuis 1970 les francophones peuvent s'appuyer sur un dispositif institutionnel voué à promouvoir la langue française et les relations de coopération entre les 80 États et gouvernements membres ou observateurs de **l'Organisation internationale de la francophonie (OIF).** L'OIF mène des actions politiques et de coopération multilatérale pour donner corps à une solidarité active au bénéfi ce des populations de ses Etats et gouvernements membres. Elle agit dans le respect de la diversité culturelle et linguistique et au service de la promotion de la langue française, de la paix et du développement durable.

COPEC

Established in 1960, the mission of the **Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)** is to coordinate and unify the petroleum policies of its 13 Member Countries and ensure the stabilization of oil markets to secure an efficient, economic and regular supply of petroleum to consumers, a steady income to producers and a fair return on capital for those investing in the petroleum industry. The OPEC Secretariat, the executive organ of the Organization, is located in Vienna, Austria and functions as its headquarters. www.opec.org



The Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe

(OSCE) is the world's largest regional security organisation. It offers a forum for political negotiations and decision-making in the fields of early warning, conflict prevention, crisis management and post-conflict rehabilitation, and puts the political will of its 57 participating States into practice through its unique network of field missions. The OSCE has a comprehensive approach to security that encompasses politico military, economic and environmental, and human aspects.



OTIF is an intergovernmental organisation dedicated to international rail transport. It has been active since 1893. It now has 50 Member States.

OTIF develops unified railway law to connect Europe, Asia and Africa. It uses simple and effective tools to promote, improve and facilitate international carriage by rail.

OTIF provides legal and technical interoperability for international carriage by rail. It works in close partnership with the European Union, the European Union Agency for Railways, the International Rail Transport Committee, the International Union of Railways , the Organization for Co-operation between Railways and the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe.



The **South Centre** is an intergovernmental organization of developing countries established in 1995 with its headquarters in Geneva. As the multilateral think tank of the South, the Centre provides policy advice and undertakes research and analysis on key issues such as development, international trade, macroeconomic policy, global health, innovation, climate change and sustainable development. We promote South-South Cooperation and more equitable relations between North and South to the sustainable development of all peoples.



The **Union for the Mediterranean (UfM)** is an intergovernmental organisation bringing together 43 countries: 28 EU member states and 15 Southern and Eastern Mediterranean countries. It provides a platform for political dialogue, coordination, and regional cooperation. The Secretariat of the Union for the Mediterranean, established in Barcelona in 2010, focuses on enhancing regional cooperation and integration through the implementation of regional cooperation projects and initiatives in areas such as energy, environment, education, transport, business development and social affairs. The Secretariat works in close collaboration with governments and with an active network of Euro-Mediterranean partners to assist project promoters throughout the entire project cycle: from technical assistance to project implementation, including financial planning and fundraising. Twitter: @ufmsecretariat



The **United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)** is the only legally binding international agreement on land issues. The 196 Parties to the Convention promote good land stewardship. Our goal is to protect the land, from overuse and drought, so it can continue to provide us all with food, water and energy. By sustainably managing land and striving to achieve land degradation neutrality, now and in the future, we will reduce the impact of climate change, avoid conflict over natural resources and help both communities and nature to thrive.





provides grants, loans and technical support to ensure that more households and small businesses gain access to financial services. UNCDF invests its seed capital and technical assistance to promote increased capital flows to the local level and, ultimately, reduce inequalities.

The United Nations Capital Development Fund (UNCDF)

The **United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD),** whose work can be summed up in three words – think, debate, and deliver – is the United Nations body responsible for analysing and implementing development policies, particularly with respect to international trade. UNCTAD produces often-innovative analyses that form the basis for recommendations to economic policymakers.



Resilient nations

Since 1966 United Nations Development Programme

(UNDP) partners with people at all levels of society to help build nations that can withstand crisis, and drive and sustain the kind of growth that improves the quality of life for everyone. On the ground in more than 170 countries and territories, we focus our work in three main areas: Sustainable development, Democratic governance and Peacebuilding, and Climate and disaster resilience. In all our activities, we encourage the protection of human rights and the empowerment of women, minorities and the poorest and most vulnerable.



The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP),

established in 1972, is the voice for the environment within the United Nations system. UNEP's mission is to provide leadership and encourage partnership in caring for the environment by inspiring, informing, and enabling nations and peoples to improve their quality of life without compromising that of future generations. UNEP acts as a catalyst, advocate, educator and facilitator to promote the wise use and sustainable development of the global environment. To accomplish this, UNEP works with a wide range of partners, including United Nations entities, national governments, non-governmental organisations, the private sector and civil society.



The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) was founded in 1945. UNESCO's mission is to contribute to the building of a culture of peace, the eradication of poverty, sustainable development and intercultural dialogue through education, the sciences, culture, communication and information with its 195 Member States and ten Associate Members. UNESCO Headquarter is located in Paris, France. The Organisation has some 54 Field Offices worldwide and also includes 11 specialized centres and Institutes disseminated around the world.



The **United Nations High Commissioner's (UNHCR)** original mandate set out in its statute (annexed to UN General Assembly Resolution 428 of 1950) is to ensure on a non-political and humanitarian basis the protection of millions of refugees, asylum seekers, internally displaced people and stateless people, worldwide. It does this by promoting international agreements, helping states establish asylum structures, coordinating the provision of assistance and relief and acting as an international watchdog on refugee issues. UNHCR promotes the human rights of persons of concern to the organisation and works with partners to find durable solutions to their plight.



The **United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)** is a leading humanitarian and development agency working globally for the rights of every child. Child rights begin with safe shelter, nutrition, protection from disaster and conflict and traverse the life cycle: pre-natal care for healthy births, clean water and sanitation, health care and education. UNICEF has spent nearly 70 years working to improve the lives of children and their families. UNICEF also lobbies and partners with leaders, thinkers and policy makers to help all children realize their rights – especially the most disadvantaged.



The United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice

Research Institute (UNICRI) assists intergovernmental, governmental and non-governmental organizations in formulating and implementing improved policies in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice. The Institute identifies appropriate strategies and instruments for crime prevention and control so as to contribute to socioeconomic development, increased security and protection of human rights, by designing practical models and systems that support policy formulation, implementation and evaluation.



The United Nations Institute for Training and Research

(UNITAR) is a principal training Institute of the United Nations. We provide training and research services to educate and engage stakeholders mainly from developing countries in the thematic areas of Multilateral Diplomacy; Economic Development and Social Inclusion; Environmental Sustainability and Green Development; Sustainable Peace; and Resilience and Humanitarian Assistance. While UNITAR is a relatively small organisation in the UN family, the Institute outreach is considerable with the delivery of close to 500 training and training-related events per year to some 40,000 people around the world.



Housed at the Palais des Nations, the **United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG)** serves as the representative office of the Secretary-General at Geneva. A focal point for multilateral diplomacy, UNOG services more than 8,000 meetings every year, making it one of the busiest conference centres in the world. With more than 1,600 staff, it is the biggest duty stations outside of United Nations headquarters in New York. UNOG manages the United Nations facilities in Geneva and provides conference services for the United Nations meetings held at Geneva.

WUNOPS

United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS) is a

service provider, a technical advisor and an implementer of projects. With over 20 years of experience working in more than 80 countries around the world, UNOPS is particularly active in countries and regions with challenging political and security constraints. The organization offers a broad range of business lines that complement and reinforce each other: infrastructure, procurement, project management, human resource management, financial resource management and other management support services.



We work to make social equity, inclusion and justice central to development thinking, policy and practice. The **United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (UNRISD)** is an autonomous institute in the UN system dedicated to multidisciplinary research and policy analysis on social dimensions of current development issues in Social Policy, Gender and Sustainable Development. Our small Geneva-based staff engages in research, communications and policy engagement activities in partnership with a global network of people and institutions to co-create knowledge, and shape policy and practice. unrisd.org



UN Women is the UN organisation dedicated to gender equality and the empowerment of women. A global champion for women and girls, UN Women aims to accelerate progress on meeting their needs worldwide. Grounded in the vision of equality enshrined in the UN Charter, UN Women, among other issues, works for the elimination of discrimination against women and girls, the empowerment of women, and the achievement of equality between women and men as partners and beneficiaries of development, human rights, humanitarian action and peace and security.



The **Universal Postal Union (UPU)** is the United Nations specialized agency for postal services. Established in 1874 the UPU, located in Bern, is the second oldest international organisation worldwide and has around 260 staff members. It is the primary forum for cooperation between governments, regulators, Posts and other stakeholders of the global postal sector. The UPU sets the rules for international mail exchanges among its 192 member countries, develops technical standards and encourages the adoption of regulations among all postal sector players. The UPU also works to stimulate trade facilitation, social, financial and economic inclusion through the postal network. Member countries rely on the UPU for technical assistance to help them strengthen their postal network, processes and offerings.



The **World Customs Organisation (WCO)** is an independent intergovernmental organisation whose primary mission is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of Customs administrations worldwide. As the only intergovernmental organisation specialized in Customs matters, the WCO currently represents 181 Members across the globe at all stages of social and economic development. Being the global centre of Customs expertise and the voice of the international Customs community, the WCO provides an ideal forum for Customs administrations and their stakeholders to hold in-depth discussions, exchange experiences, and share best practices on a range of international Customs and trade issues.





The **World Food Programme (WFP**) is the leading humanitarian organization fighting hunger worldwide and working towards the global goal of ending hunger by 2030. WFP is delivering food assistance in emergencies and working with communities to improve nutrition and build resilience. Twothirds of its work is in conflict-affected countries where people are three times more likely to be undernourished than those living in countries without conflict. An average of 80 million people receive food assistance in around 80 countries each year by WFP while almost 15,000 people are dedicatedly working for the organisation.

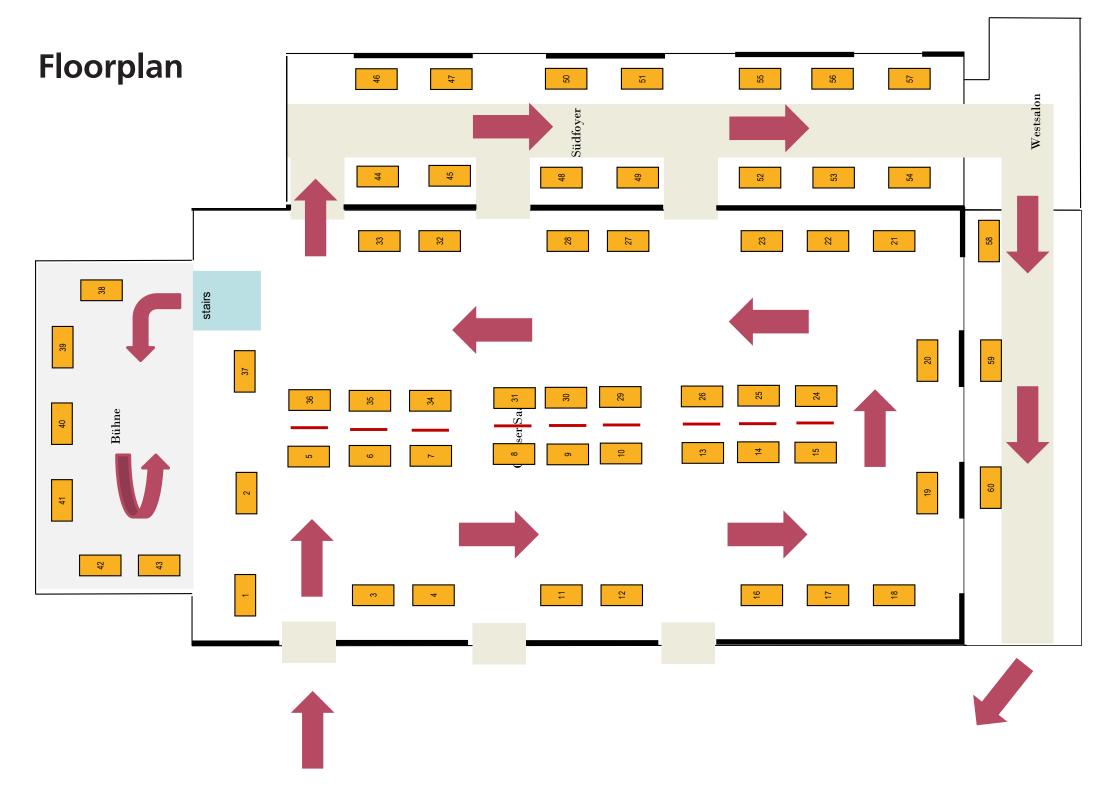
The **World Health Organisation (WHO)** is the directing and coordinating authority for health within the United Nations system. It is responsible for providing leadership on global health matters, shaping the health research agenda, setting norms and standards, articulating evidence-based policy options, providing technical support to countries and monitoring and assessing health trends. More than 7000 people from more than 150 countries work for the Organisation in 150 WHO offices all over the world.



The **World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)** is the global forum for intellectual property policy, services, information and cooperation. A specialized agency of the United Nations, WIPO assists its 189 member states in developing a balanced international IP legal framework to meet society's evolving needs. It provides business services for obtaining IP rights in multiple countries and resolving disputes. It delivers capacity-building programs to help developing countries benefit from using IP. And it provides free access to unique knowledge banks of IP information



Over the past 60 year, the **World Trade Organisation (WTO)**, which was established in 1995, and its predecessor organisation the GATT have helped to create a strong and prosperous international trading system, thereby contributing to unprecedented global economic growth. The WTO currently has 164 members, of which more than one-fifth are represented by least-developed countries. WTO activities are supported by a Secretariat of some 700 staff, led by the WTO Director-General. The Secretariat is located in Geneva, Switzerland, and the three official languages are English, French and Spanish.





- 57 World Trade Organization (WTO)
- 58 International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience (IAESTE)
- 59 Center for Information, Counselling and Training for Professions relating to International Cooperation (cinfo)
- 60 Federal Administration of Switzerland





Time	Burgerratssaal First Floor	Bernerstube Ground Floor	Arvenstube Ground Floor	Salon Rose Second Floor
11.00 – 11.30	United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS)	United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR)		Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (GAVI)
11.30 – 12.00	Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)	Centre for Information, Counselling and Training for Professionals relating to International Cooperation (Cinfo)	European Space Agency (ESA)	European Patent Office (EPO)
12.00 - 12.30	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)			
12.30 - 13.00	United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG)	International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience (IAESTE)	African Development Bank (AfDB)	Asian Development Bank (ADB)
13.00 – 13.30	World Trade Organisation (WTO)	United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Institute (UNICRI)	United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)	International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO)
13.30 - 14.00	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)	International Civil Defence Organisation (ICDO)	European x-ray free electron laser (XFEL)
14.00 - 14.30	European Free Trade Association (EFTA)	International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD)	Union for the Mediterranean (UfM)	European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)
14.30 – 15.00	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)	South Centre (SC)	European Organisation for Nuclear Research (CERN)
15.00 – 15.30	Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE)	United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (UNRISD)	World Customs Organisation (WCO)	Global Community Engagement and Resilience Fund (GCERF)
15.30 – 16.00	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)	United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women)	International Computing Centre (ICC)	World Food Programme (WFP)
16.00 – 16.30	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	World Health Organisation (WHO)	World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO)	Intergovernmental Organisation for International Carriage by Rail (OTIF)

Please note that there might be changes to this schedule. We kindly ask you to also check the timetables displayed in the event halls. Thank you for your understanding.