







Permanent Mission of Switzerland to the United Nations

Statement of Joint Pledges Related to Climate, Peace and Security

Climate change is the defining challenge of our time. Without immediate and deep emissions reductions across all sectors, limiting global warming to 1.5°C will be beyond reach. Climate change also poses a direct existential threat to many UN Member States. In line with the Security Council's recognition that climate change can aggravate existing threats to international peace and security, act as a driver of conflict or represent a challenge to the implementation of Council mandates or endanger the process of consolidation of peace, our shared goal is for the Security Council to address those issues related to the risks and adverse effects of climate change that are relevant to its mandate to maintain international peace and security. Objective data and careful analysis of climate change-related risks and impacts should inform and shape the Council's responses to situations on its agenda.

We pledge to focusing on the implications of climate change for international peace and security amongst the priorities of our respective terms as members of the Security Council, including through our Presidencies, in order to advance a systematic, responsive, and evidence-based approach to climate, peace and security.

To drive forward mutual understanding and commitment within the Council to address climate change, peace and security, where relevant, we pledge to:

- Convene at least one Security Council meeting, in thematic or geographic format, addressing climate, peace and security during our respective terms;
- Enhance cross-Presidency planning to ensure coherence, continuity, advancement, further development, and increased efficiency on the theme;
- Request the inclusion of climate change and conflict analysis as a cross-cutting theme in UN briefings to the Council;
- Invite and support the participation of briefers with climate, peace and security
 expertise in Security Council meetings, *inter alia*, on specific contexts to share
 their experiences regarding the implications of climate change in their work on
 the ground;
- Highlight the importance to support comprehensive risk assessments and risk management strategies related to climate, peace and security;
- Strive to integrate language on climate, peace and security in Security Council products;
- Hold geographic or thematic 'press stakeouts' that highlight its linkages to climate, peace and security-related issues;
- Draw attention to, share, reflect and follow up on the recommendations and issues raised in Council meetings on climate, peace and security related issues;

- Highlight the fact that climate change is disproportionally affecting the security
 of women and girls, and encourage briefers to draw on the gendered impact of
 climate change in their briefings;
- Encourage briefers from host countries to address the impacts of and risks associated with climate change on peace and security in their countries;
- Work in close collaboration with national governments as well as regional and sub-regional organizations and other local actors, associated with situations on the Council's agenda, to address the impacts of climate change on peace and security in specific contexts.
- Integrate views and exchanges on climate and security issues during field trips of the Security Council;
- Encourage all peace operations, including peacekeeping missions and special
 political missions, to minimise their carbon footprint in the contexts that they
 operate in, particularly those heavily impacted by climate change;
- Foster evidence-based dialogue and promote common understanding among Council Members about the most effective ways of addressing the impact of climate change on peace and security, including human security; and
- Highlight the work of the Informal Expert Group of the Members of the Security Council on Climate and Security, as well as coordinate with the Group of Friends on Climate and Security;